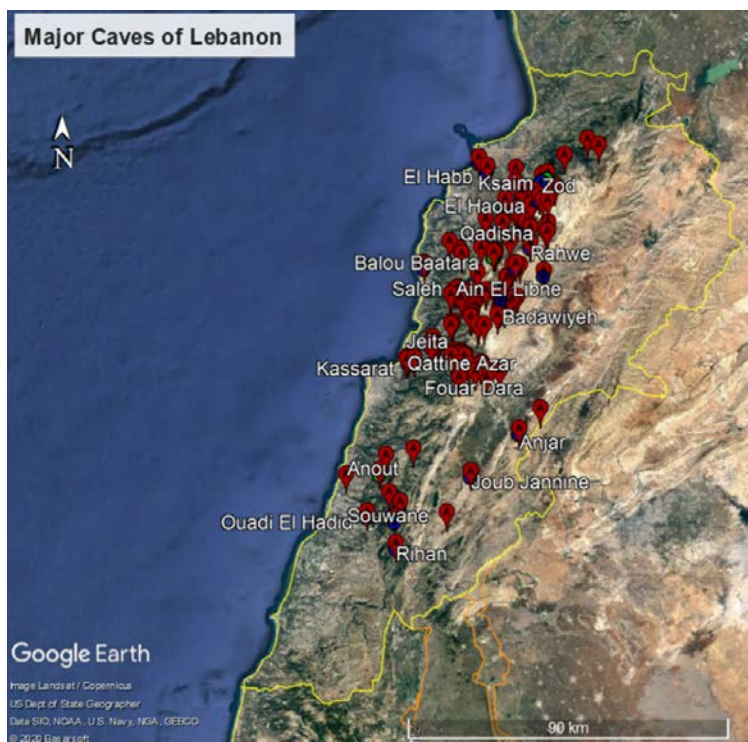




# pocket card Lebanon

Lebanon covers 10452 km<sup>2</sup> of surface area and stretches along the central eastern coast of the Mediterranean Sea. It consists of two mountain chains (Lebanon and Anti-Lebanon) separated by a high inland plain (Bekaa). The western chain (Mount-Lebanon) borders the Mediterranean Sea, displaying relatively gentle slopes on its western flanks and steeper ones on its eastern flanks. The highest point in Lebanon is located in the northern part of this mountain chain; Qornet es Saouda, 3083 m above sea level (asl). Both mountain chains are predominantly made up of Mesozoic carbonate rocks.



- Caves total:** ~500
- Marine caves total:** 7
- Artificial caves total:** 5
- Number of speleologists:** ~70
- Speleological groups and organizations:** 4

Most important caves		
Name	Length	Depth
Jeita	10050 m	-140m
Qattine Azar	8700 m	-535 m
Roueiss	5411 m	-80 m
Afqa	5260 m	
Kassarar	4648 m	
Fouar Dara	4000 m	-622 m

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